MANSFIELD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EFFICIENCY AUDIT REPORT

Data for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON AN EFFICIENCY AUDIT CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees and Citizens of Mansfield Independent School District

Whitley Penn, LLP conducted an efficiency audit as prescribed by the State of Texas Legislative Budget Board for Mansfield Independent School District (the "District"). The purpose of this report is to communicate the results of the efficiency audit.

The purpose of our efficiency audit was to assess the District's fiscal management, efficiency and utilization of resources, and whether the District has implemented best practices utilized by Texas school districts before an election to adopt a Maintenance and Operations (M&O) property tax rate.

Our efficiency audit was conducted in accordance with the standards applicable to performance audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the performance audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our performance audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our observations and conclusions based on our performance audit objectives.

The procedures performed did not constitute an audit, a review, or a compilation of the District's financial statements or any part thereof, nor an examination of management's assertions concerning the effectiveness of the District's internal-control systems or compliance with laws, regulations, or other matters. Accordingly, the performance of the procedures did not result in the expression of an opinion or any other form of assurance on the District's financial statements or any part thereof, nor an opinion or any other form of assurance on the District's internal-control systems or its compliance with laws, regulations, or other matters.

Fort Worth, Texas September XX, 2021

To the Board of Trustees and Citizens of Mansfield Independent School District

SECTION I - EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Overview of Procedures Performed

In conducting the efficiency audit for Mansfield Independent School District (the "District"), we gained an understanding of the District's fiscal management, efficiency and utilization of resources, and whether the District has implemented best practices utilized by Texas school districts. This was accomplished by analyzing the data maintained by the Texas Education Agency and the District. Total and per-student financial information from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was used. An overview of the objectives and approach performed during the efficiency audit are provided in Section III of this report.

District data on accountability, students, staffing and finances, with peer districts and state comparisons are described in Section IV of this report.

SECTION II - KEY INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT

Mansfield Independent School District (the "District") is considering holding an election to increase the District's maintenance and operations property tax rate. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) taxes are for the operation of public schools. The results of this report are to consider whether a Voter Approved Tax Rate Election (VATRE) is warranted.

During the 86th Texas Legislature, House Bill (HB) 3 compressed school districts' M&O tax rate. The District's M&O tax rate prior to HB 3 was \$1.04. Subsequent to the passage of HB 3, the M&O tax rate was compressed to \$0.97. The District's peer districts average M&O tax rate prior to HB 3 was \$1.11, while the compressed tax rate was \$1.02.

The District is proposing to increase the M&O tax rate from \$0.9283 to \$1.0583. The incremental tax revenue estimated to be generated in the first school year is \$24,690,997, which is 7.88% of the District's 2020-2021 adopted budget for general fund total revenues. If the District's M&O voter-approval tax ratification election is successful, property taxes paid by the owner of a single-family residential property at the current average home value of the district would not increase. This is due to the fact that the proposed increase in the M&O tax rate is part of a "penny swap" where the District's Interest and Sinking (I&S) tax rate would decrease by the same amount. This proposed M&O tax rate of \$1.0583 is in addition to the tax rates adopted by city, county, and special taxing districts.

The District intends to use the additional tax revenue to maintain choice and student programs, retain quality teachers and uphold safety and security standards. This is also to maximize state funding and provide more local control of District revenue. If the measure does not pass, difficult budget decisions impacting the following areas would need to be evaluated and adjusted accordingly for future years: staffing, competitive pay, class sizes, block schedules, grade configuration, choice programs and transportation, and athletic and fine arts programs.

The District engaged Whitley Penn, LLP (WP) in June 2021 to conduct the efficiency audit. Efficiency audits focus on informing voters about the District's fiscal management, efficiency, utilization of resources, and whether the District has implemented best practices. The information includes data and tools that the State of Texas currently utilizes to measure school district efficiency.

Some key information about the District:

- The District's total operating revenue, for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$9,399 per student, while its peer districts average and State average were \$10,398 per student and \$10,811 per student, respectively. Total operating revenues for the purpose of this analysis includes the general fund and special revenue funds. It does not include debt service fund revenue, the capital projects fund revenue, or Teacher Retirement System (TRS) on-behalf revenue.
- Over the last five years, the District's total average operating revenues for all funds totaled \$9,012 per student, while its peer districts average and State average were \$9,833 per student and \$10,066 per student, respectively.
- Over the last five years, the District's average General Fund operating revenue per student totaled \$8,099, while its peer districts average totaled \$8,693 per student.
- The District's total operating expenditures for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$9,334, while its peer districts average was \$10,089 per student. The State's total average operating expenditures totaled \$10,406 per student.
- Over the last five years, the District's average total operating expenditures totaled \$9,043 per student compared to its peer districts average of \$9,602 per student and the State average of \$9,757 per student.
- Over the last five years, the District's average General Fund operating expenditures per student was \$8,132 per student, while its peer districts average was \$8,470 per student.
- The District has earned a Superior Achievement rating for the School Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) for the last five years.

SECTION II - KEY INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT (continued)

• The Texas Education Agency reviews and tracks the performance of both school districts and individual schools with the Texas A-F Accountability System. The results are posted year-to-year. The District, as a whole, earned an A (90 out of 100 points). The details by campuses are shown below:

Grade	# of Campuses		
Α	14		
В	25		
С	4		
D	-		
F	-		

Additional details and audit results are included in Section IV.

SECTION III - OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH

Objectives

The objective of our efficiency audit was to assess the District's fiscal management, efficiency and utilization of resources, and whether the District has implemented best practices utilized by Texas school districts.

Approach

To comply with the timelines to complete the efficiency audit, the District and Whitley Penn, LLP agreed that data available as of August 23, 2021 would be used. As such, fiscal year 2020 student data and financial data reflecting special populations reported by TEA were included in this report. It is also important to note that due to COVID-19, school year 2019-2020 was not rated; the most recent rating is 2018-2019 school year.

In order to achieve the objectives, set forth above, WP performed the following procedures:

- 1. Selected 11 peer districts, developed a simple average and used the same comparison group throughout the audit.
- 2. Reported on the overall accountability rating (A-to-F and a corresponding scale score of 1 to 100).
- 3. Compared the District's peer districts' average score and listed the following District's campus information:
 - a. Accountability rating count for each campus level within the district.
 - b. Names of the campuses that received an F accountability rating
 - c. Campuses that are required to implement a campus turnaround plan
- 4. Reported on the District's School FIRST rating. For a rating of less than A, listed the indicators not met.
- 5. Reported on student characteristics for the District, its peer districts and the State average including:
 - a. Total Students
 - b. Economically Disadvantaged
 - c. English Learners
 - d. Special Education
 - e. Bilingual/ESL Education
 - f. Career and Technical Education
- 6. Reported on the attendance rate for the District, its peer districts and the State.
- 7. Reported on the five-year enrollment for the District for the most recent school year and four (4) years prior, the average annual percentage change based on the previous five years and the projected next school year.
- 8. Reported on the following indicators related to the District's revenue, its peer districts' average and the State average and explained any significant variances.
 - a. Local M&O Tax (Retained) (without debt service and recapture)
 - b. State
 - c. Federal
 - d. Other local and intermediate
 - e. Total revenue

SECTION III - OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH (continued)

- 9. Reported on the following indicators related to the District's expenditures, its peer districts' average, and the State average and explained significant variances from the peer districts' average. In addition, explained the reasons for the District's expenditures exceeding revenue if applicable.
 - a. Instruction
 - b. Instructional resources and media
 - c. Curriculum and staff development
 - d. Instructional leadership
 - e. School leadership
 - f. Guidance counseling services
 - g. Social work services
 - h. Health services
 - i. Transportation
 - j. Food service operation
 - k. Extracurricular
 - I. General administration
 - m. Plant maintenance and operations
 - n. Security and monitoring services
 - o. Data processing services
 - p. Community services
 - g. Total operating expenditures
- 10. Reported on the following indicators for payroll and select salary District expenditures compared to its peer districts' average and the State average and explained any significant variances from the peer districts' average in any category.
 - a. Payroll as a percentage of all funds
 - b. Average teacher salary
 - c. Average administrative salary
 - d. Superintendent salary
- 11. Reported on the General Fund operating fund balance, excluding debt service and capital outlay, for the past five years and per student for the District and its peer districts. Analyzed unassigned balance per student and as a percentage of three-month operating expenditures and explained any significant variances.
- 12. Reported the District's allocation of staff, and student-to-teacher and student-to-total staff ratios for the District, its peer districts and the State average. The following staff categories were used:
 - a. Teaching
 - b. Support
 - c. Administrative
 - d. Paraprofessional
 - e. Auxiliary
 - f. Students per total staff
 - g. Students per teaching staff

SECTION III - OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH (continued)

- 13. Reported on the District's teacher turnover rate as well as its peer districts and the State's average. Reported on the following programs offered by the District, including the number of students served, percentage of enrolled students served, program budget, program budget as a percentage of the District's budget, total staff for the program, and student-to-staff ratio for the program.
 - a. Special Education
 - b. Bilingual Education
 - c. Migrant Programs
 - d. Gifted and Talented Programs
 - e. Career and Technical Education
 - f. Athletics and Extracurricular Activities
 - g. Alternative Education Program/Disciplinary Alternative Education Program
 - h. Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program
- 14. Described how the District maximizes available resources from state sources and regional education service centers to develop or implement programs or deliver services.
- 15. Report on the District's annual external audit report's independent auditor's opinion as required by Government Auditing Standards.
- 16. Explained the basis of TEA assigning the District a financial-related monitoring/oversight role during the past three years if applicable.
- 17. In regards to the District's budget process, provided a response to each of the following questions:
 - a. Does the district's budget planning process include projections for enrollment and staffing?
 - b. Does the district's budget process include monthly and quarterly reviews to determine the status of annual spending?
 - c. Does the district use cost allocation procedures to determine campus budgets and cost centers?
 - d. Does the district analyze educational costs and student needs to determine campus budgets?
- 18. Provided a description of the District's self-funded program, if any, and analyzed whether program revenues are sufficient to cover program costs.
- 19. Reported whether the District administrators are evaluated annually and, if so, explained how the results inform District operations.
- 20. In regards to the District's compensation system, provided a response to the following questions:
 - a. Does the District use salary bonuses or merit pay systems? If yes, explain the performance-based systems and the factors used.
 - b. Do the District's salary ranges include minimum, midpoint, and maximum increments to promote compensation equity based on the employee's education, experience, and other relevant factors?
 - c. Does the District periodically adjust its compensation structure using verifiable salary survey information, benchmarking, and comparable salary data?
 - d. Has the District made any internal equity and/or market adjustments to salaries within the past two years?

SECTION III - OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH (continued)

- 21. In regards to planning, provided a response for each of the following questions:
 - a. Does the District develop a District Improvement Plan (DIP) annually?
 - b. Do all campuses in the District develop a Campus Improvement Plan (CIP) annually?
 - c. Does the District have an active and current facilities master plan? If yes, does the District consider these factors to inform the plan:
 - i. Does the District use enrollment projections?
 - ii. Does the District analyze facility capacity?
 - iii. Does the District evaluate facility condition?
 - d. Does the District have an active and current energy management plan?
 - e. Does the District maintain a clearly defined staffing formula for staff in maintenance, custodial, food service, and transportation?
- 22. In regards to District academic information, we will provide a response for each of the following questions:
 - a. Does the District have a teacher mentoring program?
 - b. Are decisions to adopt new programs or discontinue existing programs made based on quantifiable data and research?
 - c. When adopting new programs, does the District define expected results?
 - d. Does the District analyze student test results at the district and/or campus level to design, implement and/or monitor the use of curriculum and instructional programs?
- 23. Provided a response to the question if the District modifies programs, plans staff development opportunities, or evaluates staff based on analyses of student test results.

1. Peer Districts

Eleven (11) peer districts were identified. The Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Snapshot Peer Search identified a total of 32 peer district based on size (from 25,000 to 49,999 students). The District selected 11 out of the 32 peer districts and are shown below.

FIGURE 1 PEER DISTRICTS	
DISTRICT NAME	COUNTY
Pflugerville ISD	Travis County
Leander ISD	Williamson County
Humble ISD	Harris County
Alvin ISD	Brazoria County
Grand Prairie ISD	Dallas County
Irving ISD	Dallas County
Mesquite ISD	Dallas County
Denton ISD	Denton County
Spring ISD	Harris County
Keller ISD	Tarrant County
Alief ISD	Harris County

2. Accountability Rating

The Texas Education Agency (TEA) annually assigns an A-to-F rating and a corresponding scaled score (1 to 100) to each district and campus based on student assessment results and other accountability measures. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the TEA did not issue fiscal year 2020 ratings.

FIGURE 2 ACCOUNTABILITY RATING COMPARISON JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT RATING (A-F)	DISTRICT SCORE (1-100)	PEER DISTRICT AVERAGE SCORE (1-100)	
Rating/Score	A	90	87	

The District has 43 campuses. There were no schools with an F rating. The results for 43 campuses are shown below.

FIGURE 3 ACCOUNTABILITY RATING BY CAMPUS LEVEL JUNE 30, 2020

	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS	MIDDLE SCHOOLS	HIGH SCHOOLS
A	6	5	3
В	14	7	4
С	3	-	1
D	-	-	-
F	-	-	-

Campuses with F Accountability Rating

None

Campuses with Required to Implement a Campus Turnaround Plan

None

3. Financial Rating

The State of Texas' school financial accountability rating system, known as the School Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST), ensures that Texas public schools are held accountable for the quality of their financial management practices and that they improve those practices. The system is designed to encourage Texas public schools to better manage their financial resources to provide the maximum allocation possible for direct instructional purposes.

The School Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) holds school districts accountable for the quality of their financial management practices. The rating is based on five (5) critical indicators as well as minimum number of points for an additional ten (10) indicators. Beginning with 2015-2016 Rating (based on the 2014-2015 financial data), the Texas Education Agency moved from a "Pass/Fail" system and began assigning a letter rating. The ratings and corresponding points are shown below:

<u>Rating</u>	<u>Points</u>
A = Superior	90 – 100
B = Above Standard	80 - 89
C = Meets Standards	60 – 79
F = Substandard Achievement	Less than 60
FIGURE 4	
SCHOOL FIRST	
JUNE 30, 2020	
	DISTRICT RATING (A-F)
Rating	А

The District's 2020-2021 rating based on school year 2019-2020 data was an A (Superior). The District also earned a Superior rating in 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.

4. Student Characteristics, Attendance, and 5-Year Enrollment

Student Characteristics

Every student is served differently in public schools based on their unique characteristics. Such data is captured by the Texas Education Agency on an annual basis. Figure 5 provides student counts for five (5) select student characteristics, which are described below:

Economically Disadvantaged – This term has an identical meaning to educationally disadvantaged, which is defined by the Texas Education Code (TEC) §5.001(4) as a student who is "eligible to participate in the national free or reduced-price lunch program".

English Learners – The Texas Education Agency defines an English Learner as a student who is in the process of acquiring English and has another language as the primary language; it is synonymous with English Language Learner (ELL) and Limited English Proficient (LEP).

Special Education – These are students with a disability as defined by Federal regulations (34 CFR§§ 300.304 through 300.311), State of Texas Laws (Texas Education Code §29.003) or the Commissioner's/State Board of Education Rules (§89.1040).

Bilingual/ESL Education – The Texas Education Code §29.055 describes students enrolled in a bilingual education program as those students in a full-time program of dual-language instruction that provides for learning basic skills in the primary language of the students and for carefully structured and sequenced mastery of the English language skills. Students enrolled in an English as a Second Language (ESL) program receive intensive instruction in English from teachers trained in recognizing and dealing with language differences.

Career and Technical Education – Students enrolled in State approved Career and Technology Education programs.

FIGURE 5 SELECTED STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS JUNE 30, 2020

	TOTAL STUDENT POPULATION COUNT	PERCENTAGE OF STUDENT POPULATION	PEER DISTRICTS AVERAGE PERCENTAGE	STATE AVERAGE PERCENTAGE
Total Students	35,669	100.0%	N/A	N/A
Economically Disadvantaged	15,555	43.6%	57.6%	60.2%
English Learners	3,649	10.2%	23.3%	20.3%
Special Education	3,649	10.2%	10.5%	10.7%
Bilingual/ESL Education	3,791	10.6%	23.7%	20.6%
Career and Technical Education (9-12 Grades Only)	3,696	10.4%	13.8%	14.7%

 $SOURCE: Texas\ Education\ Agency,\ Public\ Education\ Information\ Management\ System\ Program\ Information\ and\ Student\ Data\ Reports.$

4. Student Characteristics, Attendance, and 5-Year Enrollment (continued)

Student Characteristics (continued)

There are 5.5 million students served by public schools in the State of Texas. Of those students, 3.3 million or 60.2 percent are economically disadvantaged. The percentage of economically disadvantaged students served by the District compared to its total student population totaled 43.6 percent, which is 14 percent and 16.6 percent less than the peer districts and State average, respectively. Alief Independent School District had the highest economically disadvantaged student percentage of 83.8%, while Leander Independent School District had the lowest percentage of 19.4%.

The peer districts average total student count was 35,397. Of the peer districts evaluated, Alief School District had the highest total student count of 45,300, while Pflugerville Independent School District had the lowest student count of 26,400.

Attendance

FIGURE 6 ATTENDANCE RATE JUNE 30, 2020			
	DISTRICT TOTAL	PEER DISTRICTS AVERAGE	STATE AVERAGE
Attendance Rate	96.5%	95.6%	95.4%

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Attendance, Graduation, and Dropout Rates Reports.

A school district's State Funding is a complex calculation with many inputs. One of the primary drivers used in the calculation is student attendance. The District's attendance rate is 0.9% and 1.1% higher than its peer districts average and of the State average, respectively. It should be noted that the District's attendance rate has increased slightly from the previous year, which was 96.2%.

4. Student Characteristics, Attendance, and 5-Year Enrollment (continued)

FIGURE 7

Five-Year Enrollment

The attendance rate should be evaluated in conjunction with the number of students enrolled. As shown in Figure 7, the District has experienced an average annual increase over the last five years of 1.4 percent. The combination of a increasing attendance rate and increasing enrollment yields a higher State funding amount.

5-YEAR ENROLLMENT JUNE 30, 2020	
	ENROLLMENT
2020	35,669
2019	35,198
2018	34,983
2017	34,262
2016	33,738
Average annual percentage change based on the previous five years	1.4%
2021 (1)	35,127
Average annual percentage change based on the previous five years and the 2021 fiscal year	1.1%

Note: (1) Based on FY 2021 PEIMS Data Submission.

5. District Revenue

FIGURE 8 DISTRICT TAX REVENUE JUNE 30, 2020

	DIS	TRICT	PEER DISTRICT AVERAGE		STATE AVERAGE	
	 ENUE PER UDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL	 'ENUE PER TUDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL	 ENUE PER FUDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL
Local M&O Tax (Retained) (1)	\$ 4,172	44.4%	\$ 4,384	42.2%	\$ 4,660	43.1%
State (2)	4,185	44.5%	4,549	43.8%	4,417	40.9%
Federal	720	7.7%	1,042	10.0%	1,280	11.8%
Other Local and Intermediate	322	3.4%	 422	4.1%	 453	4.2%
Total Revenue	\$ 9,399	100.0%	\$ 10,397	100.0%	\$ 10,810	100.0%

Note: (1) Excludes recapture

(2) Excludes TRS on-behalf revenue

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Financial Actual Reports.

The financial data above includes all funds, except for the District's capital projects fund and debt service fund revenues. Approximately \$16.9 million of the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) contributions made by the State of Texas on-behalf of the District were also excluded from the State revenues. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, on-behalf contributions must also be recorded as expenditures. However, the source reports used for the analyses did not exclude these on-behalf expenditures. The on-behalf contributions of \$16.9 million equates to \$476 per student.

The District receives less revenue per student compared to its peer districts average and the State average.

6. District Expenditures

FIGURE 9
DISTRICT ACTUAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES
JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRI	СТ	PEER DISTRIC	T AVERAGE	STATE AVERAGE	
	DITURES PER TUDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL	DITURES PER TUDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL	DITURES PER TUDENT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL
Instruction	\$ 5,505	59.0%	\$ 5,981	57.7%	\$ 5,929	57.0%
Instructional Resources and Media	98	1.0%	124	1.2%	113	1.1%
Curriculum and Staff Development	136	1.5%	243	2.6%	234	2.2%
nstructional Leadership	116	1.2%	166	1.7%	173	1.7%
school Leadership	521	5.6%	579	6.2%	620	6.0%
Guidance Counseling Services	366	3.9%	466	4.4%	402	3.9%
Social Work Services	-	0.0%	23	0.4%	32	0.3%
Health Services	128	1.4%	110	1.1%	111	1.1%
ransportation	351	3.8%	291	3.0%	297	2.9%
ood Service Operation	450	4.8%	473	5.3%	518	5.0%
extracurricular	284	3.0%	233	2.2%	287	2.8%
General Administration	191	2.0%	239	2.2%	335	3.2%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	843	9.0%	806	8.8%	999	9.6%
Security and Monitoring Services	199	2.1%	120	1.0%	113	1.1%
Data Processing Services	126	1.3%	174	1.6%	192	1.8%
Community Services	 20	0.2%	 59	0.5%	 51_	0.5%
Fotal Operating Expenditures	\$ 9,334	100.0%	\$ 10,087	100.0%	\$ 10,406	100.0%

Note: (1) Includes TRS on-behalf expenditures.

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Financial Actual Reports.

Capital outlay, debt service payments and other intergovernmental expenditures are not considered operating expenditures.

Overall, the District spends less per student than its peer districts and the State average. The percentage spent on direct instruction is 1.2% and 2.0% greater than its peer districts and the State average, respectively. The District's percentage of expenditures spent on Instructional and School Leadership is less than is peer districts and the State average by 1.1% and 0.9%, respectively.

The District percentage of expenditures in general administration and plant maintenance and operations is the same as its peer districts but 1.8% less than the State.

7. District Payroll Expenditures Summary

FIGURE 10
PAYROLL EXPENDITURE SUMMARY
JUNE 30, 2020

	[DISTRICT	R DISTRICT VERAGE	STAT	TE AVERAGE
Payroll as a Percentage of All Funds		83.1%	83.7%		80.0%
Average Teacher Salary	\$	62,421	\$ 60,035	\$	57,091
Average Administrative Salary	\$	200,300	\$ 200,322	\$	190,879
Superintendent Salary	\$	268,522	\$ 303,098	\$	148,812

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Financial Actual Reports.

The District spends less on payroll costs as a percentage of total expenditures than its peer districts but greater than the State average. Also, the District, on average, spends more per teacher than its peer districts average and the State average. This is due to the District's lower turnover rate resulting in teachers who are more tenured and further along on the salary schedule. This results in a greater average salary when compared to its peer districts and the state average.

The average administrative salary is lower than its peer districts average but higher than the State average, as is the Superintendent's salary. It is important to note that the data for the State average for the Superintendent is comprised of school districts across the State with enrollments ranging from 14 to 210,061 students.

8. Fund Balance

FIGURE 11 GENERAL FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT						PEER DISTRICT AVERAGE (1))
	UNA	NERAL FUND SSIGNED FUND CE PER STUDENT	GENERAL FUND UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF OPERATING EXPENDITURES	GENERAL FUND UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF 3- MONTH OPERATING EXPENDITURES	UN	ENERAL FUND ASSIGNED FUND NCE PER STUDENT	GENERAL FUND UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF OPERATING EXPENDITURES	GENERAL FUND UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE AS A PERCENTAGE OF 3- MONTH OPERATING EXPENDITURES
2020	\$	2,793	33.6%	134.2%	\$	2,326	26.0%	103.9%
2019		2,671	32.8%	131.3%		2,234	25.9%	103.5%
2018		2,521	31.6%	126.6%		1,885	22.8%	91.3%
2017		2,376	29.7%	118.7%		1,862	23.2%	92.7%
2016		3,146	38.2%	153.0%		1,787	22.9%	91.8%

Note: Several of the peer districts committ and assign fund balance in their General Funds, which reduces the amount of unassigned fund balance. Note: Mansfield ISD did not committ or assign any of its fund balance in the General Fund during 2016 - 2020.

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Financial Actual Reports.

The General Fund is the operating fund in a governmental entity. Fund balance represents the current resources/assets available to the government less any current obligations/liabilities. Within fund balance there are five (5) categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The categories are described below.

- Non-spendable fund balance cannot be spent because it is either (a) not in a spendable form, such as inventory or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance is net resources that are restricted as to use by an external party, such as a federal grantor.
- Committed fund balance is set aside for a specific purpose as resolved by the Board of Trustees.
- Assigned fund balance is fund balance that has been set aside by management for a specific purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance is the remaining amount that is not restricted, committed, or assigned for a specific purpose.

SECTION IV - DISTRICT DATA ON ACCOUNTABILITY, STUDENTS, STAFFING AND FINANCES, WITH PEER DISTRICTS AND STATE COMPARISONS (continued)

8. Fund Balance

The Texas Education Agency evaluates unassigned fund balance by comparing it to three-months (25%) of annual operating expenditures. If the District does not meet goal of three-months, the percentage is shown as less than 100%. Amounts per student that exceed three (3) months are reflected as percentage greater than 100%.

To the Board of Trustees and Citizens of Mansfield Independent School District

The District did meet the three-month average goal. The table below shows the amount by which the District met the three-month goal.

	UNA	NERAL FUND SSIGNED FUND ANCE (ACTUAL)	FUN	DISTRICT ENERAL FUND INASSIGNED ID BALANCE 3- IONTH GOAL	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ACTUAL UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE AND THREE-MONTH GOAL (%)
2020	\$	99,366,775	\$	74,026,858	34.2%
2019		94,023,679		71,621,271	31.3%
2018		88,188,154		69,677,886	26.6%
2017		81,412,592		68,578,648	18.7%
2016		106,142,308		69,393,624	53.0%

The District's unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$99.4 million compared to its General Fund operating expenditures of \$296.1 million. Three months average operating expenditures would equate to \$74.0 million, which is a \$25.3 million (or 34.2%) difference.

8. District Staffing Levels

FIGURE 12 STAFF RATIO COMPARISON JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT	PEER DISTRICT AVERAGE	STATE AVERAGE
Teaching Staff (Percentage of Total Staff)	52.1%	51.5%	49.4%
Support Staff (Percentage of Total Staff)	8.2%	11.2%	10.2%
Administrative Staff (Percentage of Total Staff)	3.8%	3.7%	4.1%
Paraprofessional Staff (Percentage of Total Staff)	7.9%	10.2%	10.6%
Auxiliary Staff (Percentage of Total Staff)	28.1%	23.3%	25.7%
Students Per Total Staff	8.2	7.7	7.5
Students Per Teaching Staff	15.6	14.9	15.1

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Staff Information Reports.

The District's total staff for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 4,374 compared to that of its peer districts of 4,610. The District has higher number of students per total staff than its peer districts average and the State average, same with students per teaching staff ratio.

9. Teacher Turnover Rates

FIGURE 13 TEACHER TURNOVER RATES JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT TURNOVER	AVERAGE PEER DISTRICT	STATE TURNOVER
	RATE	TURNOVER RATE	RATE
Teacher Turnover Rate	11.2%	16.1%	16.8%

SOURCE: Texas Education Agency, Public Education Information Management System District Staff Information Reports.

While the District's turnover rate is lower than the average peer districts turnover and the State average. The highest turnover rate within the peer districts was 25.7% while the lowest turnover rate was 11.1%.

10. Special Programs

FIGURE 14 SPECIAL PROGRAMS CHARACTERISTICS JUNE 30, 2020

	NUMBER OF STUDENTS SERVED	PERCENTAGE OF ENROLLED STUDENT SERVED	PROGRAM BUDGET PER STUDENTS SERVED (1)	PROGRAM BUDGET AS A PERCENTAGE OF DISTRICT BUDGET (1)	TOTAL STAFF FOR PROGRAM	STUDENTS PER TOTAL STAFF FOR PROGRAM
Total Students	35,669	100.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Economically Disadvantaged	15,555	43.6%	410	2.0%	106	147
Special Education	3,649	10.2%	8,724	10.1%	257	14
English Learners and Bilingual/ESL Education (1)	7,440	20.9%	77	0.2%	95	78
Career and Technical Education (9-12 only)	3,696	10.4%	3,096	3.6%	97	38
Athletics and Extracurricular Activities (1)	17,560	49.2%	569	3.2%	342	51
Alternative Education Program/Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (1)	292	0.8%	8,509	0.8%	46	6
Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (1)	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Indicates amounts provided by Mansfield ISD

SECTION V - ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL, OPERATIONAL, AND ACADEMIC INFORMATION

1. State and Regional Resources

The District continuously explores all options for funding, including state and federal sources and local grant sources. The District has a Funds Development Department which seeks out and researches potential grants that may be beneficial for the District. The Department provides assistance in obtaining external funding for educational programs of distinction which prepare students for academic achievement and graduation. Sources of grants vary widely from State or Federal sources to local options. All funding, state, local or federal, is tied directly to the District Strategic Plan and student performance.

2. Reporting

For the year ended June 30, 2020, Whitley Penn, LLP issued an unmodified opinion on the District's financial statements. There are three possible opinions: unmodified, modified (e.g. scope limitation or departure from generally accepted accounting principles: or a disclaimer of an opinion. An unmodified opinion is considered a clean opinion.

3. Oversight

Not Applicable

4. Budget Process

FIGURE 15 BUDGET PROCESS	
QUESTION	YES/NO
Does the District's budget planning process include projections for enrollment and staffing?	Yes
Does the District's budget process include monthly and quarterly reviews to determine the status of annual spending?	Yes
Does the District use cost allocation procedures to determine campus budgets and cost centers?	Yes
Does the District analyze educational costs and student needs to determine campus budgets?	Yes

5. Self-funded Programs

Not Applicable

SECTION V - ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL, OPERATIONAL, AND ACADEMIC INFORMATION (continued)

5. Staffing

All District administrators are evaluated annually. Evaluations help to ensure that highly qualified and effective administrators lead campuses and departments to successfully develop and implement the District's Strategic Plan and focus on student achievement.

6. Compensation System

FIGURE 16 COMPENSATION SYSTEM	
QUESTION	YES/NO
Does the District use salary bonuses or merit pay systems?	No
Do the District's salary ranges include minimum, midpoint, and maximum increments to promote compensation equity based on the employee's education, experience, and other relevant factors?	Yes
Does the District periodically adjust its compensation structure using verifiable salary survey information, benchmarking, and comparable salary data?	Yes
Has the District made any internal equity and/or market adjustments to salaries within the past two years?	Yes

SECTION V - ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL, OPERATIONAL, AND ACADEMIC INFORMATION (continued)

7. Planning

FIGURE 17 OPERATIONAL INFORMATION	
QUESTION	YES/NO
Does the District develop a District Improvement Plan (DIP) annually?	Yes
Do all campuses in the District develop a Campus Improvement Plan (CIP) annually?	Yes
Does the District have an active and current facilities master plan? If yes, does the District consider these factors to inform the plan:	Yes
Does the District use enrollment projections?	Yes
Does the District analyze facility capacity? Does the District evaluate facility condition?	Yes Yes
Does the District have an active and current energy management plan?	Yes
Does the District maintain a clearly defined staffing formula for staff in maintenance, custodial, food service, and transportation?	Yes

SECTION V - ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL, OPERATIONAL, AND ACADEMIC INFORMATION (continued)

8. Programs

FIGURE 18 ACADEMIC INFORMATION	
QUESTION	YES/NO
Does the District have a teacher mentoring program?	Yes
Are decisions to adopt new programs or discontinue existing programs made based on quantifiable data and research?	Yes
When adopting new programs, does the District define expected results?	Yes
Does the District analyze student test results at the District and/or campus level to design, implement and/or monitor the use of curriculum and instructional programs?	Yes
Does the District modify programs, plan staff development opportunities, or evaluate staff based on analyses of student test results?	Yes