

Course: 1 st Grade Social Studies			Designated Six Weeks: 6th		
Unit: Historical Figures			Days to teach: 27		
TEKS	Guiding Questions & Specificity	Assessment	Vocabulary	Instructional Strategies	Resources/ Weblinks

(13) Citizenship. The student understands characteristics of good citizenship as exemplified by historical figures and other individuals

(13B) identify historical figures such as Benjamin Franklin, Francis Scott Key, and Eleanor Roosevelt who have exemplified good citizenship	<p>Historical figure is an important person in history.</p> <p>Good citizen supports his/her government, obeys the law, and functions in the best interest of all citizens.</p> <p>Biographies below:</p>	<p>Who has exemplified good citizenship?</p> <p>How did they show they were good citizens?</p>	<p>historical figures, good citizenship</p> <p>Benjamin Franklin, Francis Scott Key, and Eleanor Roosevelt</p>	<p>-Independent or small group research of Franklin, Key, or Roosevelt. Then, create report, artwork, and present to class.</p> <p><u>ELPS</u> 2G</p>	<p>American Citizenship</p> <p>Benjamin Franklin</p> <p>Scott Foresman: pg. 206-207</p> <p>Francis Scott Key</p> <p>Eleanor Roosevelt</p> <p>Scott Foresman: pg. 222-223</p>
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Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790) Benjamin Franklin was a well-known printer in Philadelphia and an active leader in the city. He published *Poor Richard's Almanack* which shared bits of wisdom in shaping American character with the readers. He founded the first library and fire department in America. Franklin helped write the Declaration of Independence and the U.S. Constitution. As an inventor he proved that lightning was a form of electricity and he also invented bifocal glasses, lightning rods, and the Franklin stove.

Francis Scott Key (1779-1843) Francis Scott Key was a lawyer but is best remembered as the author of the national anthem of the United States, "The Star-Spangled Banner". He wrote this during the War of 1812 while on a British ship watching the bombing of Fort McHenry.

Eleanor Roosevelt (1884-1962) When President Franklin Roosevelt became ill with polio his wife, Eleanor, overcame her shyness and became involved in politics. She helped African-American men and women and working-class whites, supported the works of Jane Addams, and promoted the political careers of women. She was considered by many to be the most influential First Lady and one of the most significant American women of the 20th century. She was appointed as a delegate to the United Nations and also chaired the Human Rights Commission.

(2) History. The student understands how historical figures, patriots, and good citizens helped shape the community, state, and nation.

(2B) identify historical figures such as Alexander Graham Bell, Thomas Edison, Garrett Morgan, and Richard Allen, and other individuals who have exhibited individualism and inventiveness	<p>Individualism is the freedom to make your own choices and be yourself.</p> <p>Invention is a new device, method, or process developed from study and experimentation.</p>	<p>What is individualism?</p> <p>What is inventiveness?</p> <p>Who has shown inventiveness and individualism?</p>	<p>Individualism, inventions</p> <p>Alexander Graham Bell, Thomas Edison, Garrett Morgan, and Richard Allen</p>	<p>-Independent or small group research of Bell, Edison, Morgan, or Allen. Then, create report, artwork, and present to class.</p> <p><u>ELPS</u> 2G</p>	<p>Thomas Edison Video</p> <p>Scott Foresman: pg. 246-251</p> <p>So You Want to Be an Inventor? by, Judith St. George</p>
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	Biographies below:	How did they show inventiveness and individualism?			Thomas Edison (Time For Kids Biographies Series) by, Lisa DeMauro Garrett Morgan, Inventor by, Garnet N. Jackson Five Bold Freedom Fighters , by Wade Hudson and Ron Garnett
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Alexander Graham Bell (1847-1922) Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone. He and his partners formed Bell Telephone Company in 1877. He assisted in founding the National Geographic Society and supported experiments in aviation.

Thomas A. Edison (1847-1931) Thomas Edison, one of the greatest inventors of all time, received many patents. His inventions include the telegraph, the phonograph, improvements to the light bulb, and motion picture equipment. He opened a lab in Menlo Park where he and his workers developed the light bulb which he patented.

Garrett Morgan (1877-1963) Garrett Morgan was an African-American inventor and businessman. He was the first person to patent a traffic signal. He also developed the gas mask. Morgan used his gas mask to rescue miners who were trapped in an underground mine. Morgan was asked to produce gas masks for the U.S. Army.

Richard Allen (1760-1831) Richard Allen was the founder and first bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church.

(2C) compare the similarities and differences among the lives and activities of historical figures and other individuals who have influenced the community, state, and nation	How are _____ and _____ alike/different? Use historical figures previously discussed.	How are __and __ alike/different? Tell what each historical figure’s contribution was? Benjamin Franklin, Francis Scott Key, Eleanor Roosevelt, Alexander Graham Bell, Thomas Edison, Garrett Morgan, & Richard Allen	Similarities, differences, influence, community, state, nation	Venn Diagram <u>ELPS</u> 4F	
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